## ESTABLISHED AUGUST 24, 1852.

## The Intelligencer.

West Vincinia certificates quote at 71 and 71. Baltimore & Ohio stock at 88, Central Ohio at 23 and 25, preferred at 37 and

SINCE September 1st of this year 117,811 kegs of nails have been received at Cincinnati, of which 10,182 were received last

in regard to the President's message, said that it is "a fair message, and the President understands the southern situation. The Cincinnati Enquirer of Yesterday speaks of it as "a creditable, though not artling State paper," and in an other

There will be but few Republican over the President's message. He at breathe fire as the Radicals hoped ld. Hayes is President of the country, and so conducts himself."

we sopy should send a marked copy of Wheeling Register of yesterday to Haves," "the acting President Also another copy to that foolish St. ouis girl who saluted Tilden as "Presi in New York the other night. That must be a long lost relative of her's ak of Mister Lincoln as the "so-call est to the Register that as an agreeable k Sun, Hayes might occasionally be althe United States. The Sun has a paten

a the phrase "acting President."

correspondent of the Cincinnati Ensentative men of the "Solid South" nthe subject of the next Presidency, and gianal financial Over a column isile toted to West Va., and Gov. Mathews, exiov. Price, Senator Davis and ex-Congress The result of the interview is given by the correspondent in the following words, commencing with Gov

ddel majority of the Democrats of this state prefer the nomination of Judge Thur-man. He is known personally to many of them, and in those dark days of testd to the Confederacy were disfran-he came over and labored for our We feel grateful to him for his ser m all personal consider rd him as possessing in a that he had fallen a "blessed martyr," and egard firm as all of the qualifications for the all of the qualifications for the in a year or two ne would be approved by the returning sense of his was somewhat divided on the party.

the Northern and Western n our interests could be safely her any prom man would permit his

ment in his party. That is the sort of a Governor Mathews—Why the people of Governor M a opposition to bayonet rule, carpet bag-ism and corrupt Returning Boards, and it is "solid" in a desire to co-operate in . per-fect good faith with all good men North, set good faith with all good men sortened. East and West, to secure honesty, economy and patriotism in the administration of the Government, and a strict adherence to those principles upon which the Government was founded.

The Hon. Samuel Price, ex-Lieutenant Governor, is an old and influential Democrat, and comes about as named bearing.

We can't get along again with the North. Grant will be the one from the North. Grant will be the candidate of the other party, and the whole of New England will vote for him. We must save Ohio and Indiana if possible."

Ex-Congressman Faulkner, whom your-correspondent met at the recent session of the United States District Court, is, of the Spinion that the Geosphale movement in opinion that the Greenback movement West Virginia expended its force in late election. He likened it to the Kn late election. He likened it to the Know-Nothing excitement. The Grasnbackers might be able to fasten the points of their platform, on which honest differences Datorm on which honest differences might exist, upon one or the other of the old parties. They might, for instance, induce the Democracy, to instance, induce the Democracy, to instance, induce the Democracy to adhere to its present general policy of opposition to the National Bank system,

and insist upon the issue of all circulating mediums direct; but he believed that their new system of flat finance would vanish

land, is a pronounced Thurman man. From this his financial attitude may be discerned, but he is identified with the more conservative wing of the Democracy, and encountries to hew and untried systems of financial management.

As to the Republican programme, it As to the Republican programme, it is based upon national considerations entirely. The Republicans do not expect to capture this State during the present generation, unless the advance of immigration shall essentially change the character of its population and surroundings. Of a dozen expressions from Republican politicians, two-thirds to-day are in favor of Blaine, the other third being for Grant. If the State Convention to select Delegates Blaine, the other third being for Grant.
If the State Convention to select Delegates
to the Republican National Convention
was held to morrow, the stiffest old Blaine

crowd extant would be furnished.

We suppose that the Democracy of West Virginia are fairly enough represented by the above report, and yet when it is all boiled down it does not throw much Tinkering at Resumption Act Commence light on the situation in 1880. Thurmar is, no doubt, the West Virginia favorite among the Democracy, and yet she voted for Old Bill Allen in 1876 at St. Louis. Their ten votes were cast solid for old Bill National convention. Not only did they vote for old Bill, but they followed the lead of Ewing of Ohio in spitting on the

However, after thus expectorating, they Tilden and "hard money," which is just softest money man in the country at St. Louis, and for a soft money platfor failing to secure either they did the next hardest hard money men of the country on a hard money platform. Hence Gov. Virginia Democracy "will give a cordial support to Gov. Hendricks or Gen. Han indeed, to the nominee

whoever he may be." They will that.
The most pronounced expression of opinion is that of Ex-Governor Price. He has evidently been cured of his slight disposition to coquet with the Soft-shells during the canvass, since his set-back at their man Faulkner have been consulted as to be die pacify them but they were so fall of lunacy that they demanded a more repre sentative man than the Ex-Governo now very properly says that "the fiat sec-section of the party has brought itself into contempt," and that the party as a whole has not gained, but perhaps lost ground by its soft money record. If Gov. Price had taken the position that became a man of his experience and intelligence en all citizens of this State who in the late canvass, boldly rebutting in stead of faintly reproving the financial heresies of his party, he would, like Crom

> as somewhat divided on the party. I stion, but the views of Judge party. I this subject are those of the least on of, and give a cordial Governor Hendricks or Gen-Greenbackism in the late canvass in his tion at St. Louis, is ready to go "Billallen ism" to the fullest extent in finance. Mr. Faulkner's conservatism in this matter is like his Unionism in 1661, ready to take the shape of an amateur adjutancy on the coming man's staff, be he hard or soft

before such men interpose on behalf of their theories. He is understood, as the correspondent

money.

says, to occupy a conservative position towards the greenback folly of his party. At present we have no doubt that he feels hostile to it, but if the country was to-day A joint resolution was introduced to by Mr. Springer, requesting the Presidence of the West Virginia rement, and would not do an act or say a word that the treaty of February 22d, known as the Bancroft Treaty, will be the Bancroft Treaty, with the Banc would endanger his status with that ele-terminated by this Government at the ent in his party. That is the sort of a of twelve months after given notice.

# record for the sake of that and other neces-aary support, and, we fear, our Senator is ready to follow him.

The Hon. Samuel Price, ex-Lieutenant towernor, is an old and influential Democrat, and comes about as near being a representative man as can be found. He was at Lewisburg, near the Greenbriar White Sulphur Springs. In conversation the other day on the future of parties, dec, he said to your correspondent: "The Democratic party has not gained, perhaps has lost ground. This may be, and, I think, is owing to a diversity of opinion upon the currency question. The flat money section of the party has brought itself into contempt. It must disintegrate and unite with one or the other of the National parties. It can do nothing of itself. Tsupose in this way the Democratic party will be numerically strengthened, as the flat party cannot consistently, join the Lepüblicans and go for resumption as ones.

"We must go for a Western candidate for the Presidency in 1880. Certainly one from a free State. Thurman or Hendricks will do. We can't get along again with one from the North. Grant will be the

near by: The theory is that the friends of the ladies went in force during the night, took him from the lockup, cut his throat and threw his body in the bayou. A meeting of citizens of Franklin and vicinity was held last night to consider the disturbed condition of the community and take steps for the suppression of lawless-ness by the establishment of a volunteer

A Singular Accident.

Sr. Lours, December 3.—While two men, names unknown, were smearing the in-side of a large iron tank with coal-tar in Belcher's sugar refinery, between 10 and 11 a. M., the tar took fire in some mysterious way and the men were burned to death.

death.

The names of the burned men were John Leich and Henry Weise, both men of family. The accident is supposed to have been caused by the breaking of a lantern they were using and the igniting of the coal tax.

and with it the party which indorsed it.

Senator Davis, the elder of the two representatives of this State, whom I met at the recent State Fair in Cumberland, Mary-

### BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENOUR.

## WASHINGTON, D. C

Gen. Sherman's Views of the Indian Question---He Objects to Indians as Soldiers or Policemen.

Both Parties Caucus on Blaine's Election Resolution.

Senator Mathews Advocates the Texas

Pacific Railroad.

for an emergency. The total number of Indians is nearly 222,000, and under military management the greater number could be placed under civilian agents, always retaining military power over them. With reference to the proposition of the Indian Bureau to arm the young

be unheard of. All trouble could be fore-seen and outbreaks prevented. Quartermaster Gen. Megs contended the transfer must prove beneficial to

CONTESTED ELECTIONS The House Committee on Elections to-day decided to receive additional testi-mony in the contested election cases of Haratson vs. Shelly, of Alabama, and Frost vs. Metcalfe, of Missouri.

THE POTTER COMMITTEE A member of the Potter Committee

A memoer of the Poter Committee stated to-day that it was the intention to send a sub-committee to New Orleans to continue the investigation there, which was terminated by the yellow fever epi-

The first of the Pacific Railroad cases—
the Union Pacific Gompany against the
United States—was argued to-day in the
Supreme Court. Among the questions
raised is what legally constitutes the net
earnings of a railroad company.

THE RESUMPTION ACT. The House Committee on Banking and Cuffency to-day determined to oppose the House bill, to repeal the Specie Resump-tion act, both of which were left on the Speaker's table at the close of the last ses-

CURRENT BUSINESS ONLY.

The Committee of Ways and Means, in a general interchange of views to-day, indicated that it will confine itself to the current business without considering measures for change in the tariff, or kindred legislation. The testimony taken revarding reform in the New York Custom Houses or printed and will be considered.

Phillips to day provides that the redemp tion of notes in coin shall be suspended whenever the coin in the Treasury shall be reduced to \$50,000,000, and that when the amount of coin in the Treasury ex ceeds \$100,000,000 the surplus shall be used for the redemption of bonds bearing the highest rate of interest that are subject to call.

and Thurman 'is pliable as wax when temptation comes, as was well shown in the late campaign. Thurman wants West Wirginia's support in 1880, and he remembers how she voted at St. Louis. He is ready to go back on his former financial record for the sake of that and other necessary support, and, we fear, our Senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both with the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator is ready to go both the fear our senator in cauchy to matches.

The Rapublican and Democratic Senators.

Th

Republican and Democratic Senators. The Republicans decided to pass a resolution for adoption, after the amendment that the diversity of the Judiciary Committee. The Republicans also decided to offer soon a resolution declaring the entire validity of the constitutional kamendments and asserting, the propriety of enforcing them by appropriate Jegislation.

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The Depublicans also decided to fact the Judiciary Committee. The Judiciary Committee of the Judiciary Committee of the Judiciary Committee of the Judiciary Committee of the Judiciary Committee. The Judiciary Committee of the Judi AssiC Prindle, ol. N.Y., at Para; Henry Ruggles, of Conn., at Malta; Eugene Schuyler, of N.Y., at Birmingham; Wm. Tompson, of District of Columbia, at Southhampton; John C. White, of Ills., Secretary of Legation in Brazil; S. Newton Petris, of Pa., Minister Resident and Consul General to Brazil; G. Harris Heap, of Pa., Consul General to Constantinople.

New Orleans Mint—Henry O. Foote, of Mississippi, Superintendent; Maximilian Ferdinand Bonzana, of Louisiana, Refiner; James Albrecht, of Isobishna, Assayer; Martin V. Davis, of Pennsylvania, Commissioner.

were men and the state of the collectors of Customs—John N. Fuller, of the District of Miami. O.

Collectors of Infarnal Ravenue—Fleming W. Robb, of Nebraska; for the District of Nebraska; for the District of Nebraska; for the District of Dakota:

Miscellaneous—Russel B. Harrison, of the Assay Office in Helena.

WARHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 3.

TRADE DOLLARS. Mr. Paddock submitted a resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire into the expediency of making trade dollars legal tender for all debts, public and private, and providing for the suspension of the coinage of the standard silver dollar of 412 grains, and the recoining of the same into trade dollars of 420 grains, and for such additional coinage of trade dollars as the needs of the country may demand. Laid over.

APPOINTMENTS. A large number of appointments made uring recess were sent to the Senate, induring recess were sent to the Senate, in cluding the New York Custom nomina-tions.

COMMITTEES CONTINUED. The standing and other committees existing at the close of the last session are continued.

Washington, D. C., December 3.—Gen.
Sherman to-day submitted to the Joint Commission on the Transfer of the Indian Bureau to the War Department, a number of official documents verifying his previous statements regarding the advisability for atransfer. The general described the suiffering of the Indians and said the army should either be transferred to the Indian Bureau to the War Department. Under the existing management the Government was very heavily taxed and the poor Indian was driven to the wall, notwithstanding. It was his opinion that twenty years hence the

MR. BECK WANTS INFORMATION.

Mr. Beck submitted the following ution: "That the Secretary of the T ury be and is hereby instructed to inforn the Senate what amount and denomina tion of silver coin has been received in payment of customs dues since the here payment of customs dues since the begin ing of the current fiscal year, and whethe or not he has applied the silver coin so re bonds and notes of the United States, and if it has not been so applied, to state the reason why. If it has been applied to that purpose in part only, to state what portion has been so used, and, on what character of obligations. Also that he be directed to inform the Senate of the amount of interest he has paid on the bonds and notes of the United States, since the current fiscal year began, and the bonds and notes of the United States, since the current fiscal year began, and the smount of such interest he has paid in Cincinnati Roused on the Sunday Que tion.

gold and silver coin respectively."

Mr. Edmunds—I should like to have that amended so as to have the Secretary prevalence of show what kind of silver coin has been the various of used, so we may know if there was subsite the Sabbath, diary coin paid.

Thus amended the resolution was agreed finally arousing of

Mr. Matthews argued that the government would merely guarantee a payment of the interest on the bonds of the Texas Pacific Road to the extent of nearly two million dollars per annum. It was manifest that the indemnity to the government was perfect. The ultimate loss by the government was repotent impossible unless s fest that the indemnity to the government was perfect. The ultimate loss by the government was perfect dimpossible unless it would turn out that at the completion of the road it would not be worth accrued interest; but such a supposition was not to be entertained. He did not believe the Government of the United States would be called upon to make any advances out office where the Government of the United States would form a base line from which the lateral lines would radiate, attracting a new and profitable trade and soon a market would be found for the products of the United States in Mexico. The general influence of such trade over our national interests with Mexico of the Texas & Pacific Road would open by legitimate means the northern States of Mexico to industrial colonies. The construction of the Texas and Pacific Road would result in saving to the Government more than \$2,000,000 per vent. the measure or to dispose of it upon summary objection, that it was a subsidy. He then spoke of the constitutional power of Congress to regulate commerce, and said the Texas and Pacific bill should be passed as a matter of justice to the Southern States, as the Government owed protection to all and demanded obedience

ern States, as the Government owed pro-tection to all and demanded obedience alike from all. Mr. Canover submitted a resolution providing for a committee to investigate how the section of the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill passed the last s ed the last session, re

whether Senator Canover had any con-nection therewith and what government officer investigated the matter after the adjournment of Congress. Agreed to. When the doors were re-opened the Senate adjourned till to-morrow.

the naturalization treaty with Prossis.
THE MILITARY JACADEMY APPROPRIATION.
The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Military Academy appropriation bill, which appropriates \$76, 1618; \$16,000 below the appropriation for the current year.
The Military Academy and fortification bills passed.

Adjourned.

The remains of Bishop Wilmer lay in state in Christ Church, New Orleans. They were visited by large numbers of all demoninations. The remains will be sent yis Mobile to Baltimore for final interment.

A Spec of Rebellion in Australia.

the depredations of the bushrangers. Several constables have been killed by a gangled by one Kelley. A reward of 500 pounds per head is offered for the gang, four in number.

The New Zentund Parliament has been proregued.

Advices from New Caledonia report a continuance of murders by the natives, several individuals and small parties having been attacked. The friendly tribes have made company cause against the rebels and so disposed their forces as to hem rebels and so disposed their forces as to hem in the main body of the rebels between them and the whites, driving their lines across the island and cutting the hostiles from communication with the doubtful tribes. The engagement resulted in the defeat of the rebels and the death of a prominent Chief.

WHEELING, WEST VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 4, 1878.

New ORLEANS, December 3.—The Commercial Convention assembled at the Varieties Theatre, and was called to order by General Cyrus Bussy, chairman of the executive committee. After prayer by the Rev. Dr. Palmer, Governor, Nicholls delivered an address of welcome, and was repeatedly applauded. Mr. Murray, of Kentucky, replied to the Governor in a beautifully sincere speech. He spoke of the necessity for laying aside political considerations and joining together as members of one grand national family of the furtherance of their general interests. Gen. Bussey, as chairman of the committee of arrangements, then addressed the Convention on the navigation of the Mississippi river, showing that that stream is the natural and only means of transportation advantageous to the countiry. He also drew attention to the fact that our Government was blind to her own interests by allowing a great natural advantage to be unused. He also favored the Texas and Tacific Railroad. Mr. Edward D. Halton, et Siliwaikee, also addressed the Convention.

A committee or one from each state we appointed or credentials.

After recess the convention permanely organized by the election of Genera Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia, President; If G. Hester, Naw Orleans, Secretary, and Vice President from each State represent

eific railroads, improvement of the Mis sissippi River and on foreign trade. After which the convention adjourned until to

Cincinnati, December 3.—The growing prevalence of the Sunday amusements and the various other methods of desecrating nally aroused public opinion. A meetng of sixty prominent citizens Thus amended the resolution was agreed finally aroused public opinion. A meetto.

The the conclusion of the morning business Mr. Matthews called up the Texas evening, and a working committee of twenty was appointed, who will endeavor to enforce the existing laws, and if additional legislation is, needed they will direct their efforts towards securing it. The sixty prominent citizens

Last Rail Rail Laid on the Canada Pacific Railroad.

St. PAUL, December 3.—The last rail was laid this eyening on the Pembina branch of the Canada Pacific railroad connecting of the Canada Pacific railroad connecting with the Manitoba branch of the St. Paul and Pacific, ten miles north of the international boundary, giving the province of Manitoba the first railroad communication with the outside world, through a comple-ted line running to St. Paul, 487 miles in length.

Indian Raids on the Niebrara.

North Platte, Nun, December 3.—A herder, just in from the Niobrara river, reported that North Ranche, on the Dismal river, was burned by Indians, who have already run off with 300 head of horses from that place. The herders are fortifying thomselves at Bratt's Ranche on the Birdwood river. Great fears are entertained for the safety of a supply party of five men, now thirty days out from North Platte.

Prosecution Di

CHICAGO, December 3 .- A Yankton dis-Creek Agency, for the alleged forgery of twenty-three vouchers, on trial before the United States Court was dismissed to-night, the prosecution failing to back up-its charges. This is one of the most im-portant cases in the large batch brought aginst the up river Indian men.

Chicago Fat Stock Show.

Chicago Fat Stock Show.
Chicago, December 3.—The Chicago fat stock show is an assured success, both in display and popular appreciation. The Board of Trade this afternoon adopted a resolution heartly endorsing the enterprise as a wise and practical movement in the interests of both feeders and consumers and urging the adoption of such measures as shall insure its success.

A Corner in Wheat.

ment. H. H. Bademan and Dr. Chas. J. Muller,

A Spee of Rebellion in Anstralia.

An Francisco, December 3.—News from San Francisco, December 3.—News from San Francisco, December 3.—News from San Francisco, San Francis

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE AFGHAN WAR.

A HEAVY BATTLE REPORTED. Lahors, December 3.—It is reported at eadquarters that a battle, lasting all day esterday, took place between General obert's command and the Afghans in

JELLALABAD EVACUATED. LONDON, December 3.—The Viceroy telegraphs that;—intelligence has been received that Jellalabad has been evacuat-ed and no Afghan troops are nearer than Cabul.

BAZOUK BUTCHERIES. CONSTANTINOTE, Dec-3.—Asahi Bazouks and a band of Circassians defeated the Bul-garian insurgents in Melrick District, Mace-donis, and burned twenty more villages. Only one thousand inhabitants escaped.

CONSTANTINGER. December 3.—Insurgent Bulgarian bands are forming all through Macedonia and the Rhodope refugees are descending into the Parthlagos district and murdering and robbing indiscriminately. Turkish troops have been sent to the scene.

-- ENGLAND.

SUSPENDED BUSINESS LONDON, December 3.—J. B. Deakin, cotton manufacturer of Overdarwen and Manchester, who runs 600 looms, suspended to-day.

The Times' leading editorial severely consures Gladstone's speech for the ten-dency of its influence on the fortunes of the country, no less than on those of the the country, no less than on those of the Liberal party.

AUSTRIA.

ANDRASSY'S POLICY.

PESTH, December 3.—Count Andrassy declares that in consequence of the proceedings of the Budget Committee, he will make the approval of his policy a Cabinet outsetfon.

Washington, D. C., December 4—1. a.m.
—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, partly cloudy weather, with occasional areas of rain or snow, colder northwest winds and rising batometer.

For Lower Lakes, cloudy weather, with frequent light rain or snow, waishle winds.

requent light rain or snow, variable winds and shifting to colder northwest, followed

Financial and Commercial.

Wherling, Tuesday, December 3.

The movements of business to-day were not especially active in any particular line, but a fair average trade was done in the aggregate. The receipts of grain were liberal, and a fair trade was done at steady prices. Flour remained in fair demand and firm. Prothe leading staples. Provisions showed no pecial change. In groceries, both sugar and

coffice are lower.

APPLES—Continue to arrive in large volume, and the market is easy but unchanged. There is a fair jobbing demand. We quote choice eating apples at 50ca\$1.50 per barrel.

Bakiso Powden—25a36c per lb.

Beans—Are in fairsupply, with a steady demand for prime white Navy at \$1.85 per bush.

BESSWAF—20a25c.

BEOOMS—Fancy, \$2.00a2.50; plain \$1.25a1.50.

are not changed, however. We quote strictly fresh stock at 20c.
FEATHERS—In good demand; live geese (40.50c.
FEATHERS—In good demand; live geese (40.50c.
FOR THE GOOD CONTROL TO THE WORLD CONTROL TO THE WORLD CONTROL TO THE WORLD CONTROL TO THE WORLD CONTROL THE WORLD CONTROL TO THE WORLD CONTROL TO THE WORLD CONTROL THE WORLD CONTROL

\$1.50: pickerel, half bbis, \$1.50; white fish, \$4.00. Half bbis, No. 3 mackerel \$3.00.3 50; No. 2, \$4.50.

Frours—The demand continues to show a fair degree of activity, and priess remain firm. We quote white wheat family at \$5.00.3 50; rye flour \$3.00. Buckwheat, \$2.70.3 50.003.50; rye flour \$3.00. Buckwheat, \$2.70.3 0.000 per 100 lbs. Gracerus — There is a brisk trade, at quotations: Coffeer, fair to good Rio at 13.14 cents, prime 15 cents, choice 16 cents, best roasted 20c, yellow Rio 20c, Java 25c. Syrups, common oba5c, prime 48c; New Orleans molasses, old 'crop. 30.25c; new crop. prime 45c, choice 45c. Sogar, refined hard crushed 95c, granulated 95c; powdered, 95c, A coffee 95c, yellow C 75c, golden C 75c, common yellow 65c, choice 45c. Sogar, refined hard crushed 95c, granulated 95c; powdered, 95c, common relal C 85c, yellow C 75c, golden C 75c, common yellow 65c, choice 45c. Sogar, refined hard crushed 95c, granulated 95c; powdered, 95c, common relal C 85c, yellow C 75c, golden C 75c, common yellow 65c, choice 45c. Sogar, refined hard crushed 95c, granulated 95c; powdered, 95c, common relal C 85c, yellow C 75c, golden C 75c, common yellow 65c, choice 45c, sogar, refined hard crushed 95c, granulated 95c; powdered, 95c, common relal C 85c, yellow C 75c, golden C 75c, common yellow 65c, choice 45c, sogar, refined hard choice 7c. New Orleans prime 7c.

Grassens—No. 1, dry, 75s.50c per lb.

Granulated 95c; powdered, 95c, common relation of the granulated 95c, choice 35c, relation of the granulated 95c, choice 35c, relation of the granulated 95c, powdered, 95c, relation of the granulated 95c, choice 35c, relation of the granulated 95c, relation of the granulated 95

SEEDS—Timothy seed, \$1 30a1 40 per bushel;
lover, \$5 00a5 50.

SALT—Per barrel, \$1 20.

TALLOW—54,666 for country.

TORACCO—Navies, 558aBO; 05870c.

TURNINS—Per bushel; 25c.

VINKOAR—Per barrel, \$5 50a6 00.

WOOL—Quoted at 30c for choice washed, and one-third off for unwashed. Market dull.

WHENLING STOGES—Per 1,000, \$10 50a11 50.

Baltimore Live Stock Market MONDAY, December 2, 1878.

. 7,963

Very best on sale this week.

That generally rated first quality.

Medium or good fair quality.

Ordinary this Steers, Oxen and CowaGeneral average of the market this week

Extreme range of prices.

Most of the sales were from.

est Virginia.

The arrivals of Cattle during the week amounted to 1,561 head, against 2,849 last week, and 3,938 head the corresponding week of last year, and the sales during the week amounted to 1,080 head, against 2,010 last week, and 2,811 head the corresponding

week of last year, and were as follows

the retail market, except where classified.

Milch Cows—The best grades are scarce and in good denand. Common are in full supply and dull. Quotations \$20a50 per head.

THE SWINE MARKET. 

Africal one year ago...

The run has been very light this week, with few good ones among the receipts. More than half of the arrivals were taken from the drovers by an Eastern dealer before the market had fairly opened. We quote fair to good sheep at 3½46; good to extra 44½C. Lambs 4a5c. No sales of stook sheep recorded.

Quincy, Ill........ New Castle, Ind...

The receipts of stock for the week were liberal, and the demand not pressing from any quarter, but there was no surplus of desirable qualities and but few of any kind left unsold. There was scarcely any call from the Eastern trade, but local buyers took the usual number and the demand from the South was the im-

London, December 3.—The Mark Lane Express says: Trade is still overweighted with heavy supplies, the quantity of wheat in and flour at present on passage to the kingdom being 32,900 quarters more than at the corresponding time last year. The imports of foreign wheat into London have been liberal, last Monday's returns showing the arrival of nearly 85,000 quarters, more than half of which came from Cronstadt and St. Petersburg. Much of the foreign wheat now arriving goes direct to millers, who now buy largely. The costs of freight and insurance, and the amount of business done off the stands is considered, aby affected thereby, the stocks, consequently, are not materially increased, and there is no scarcity of granary room.

New York.

New York. December 3.—Cotton — Quiet at 93-16a9 7-16c. Flour—Quiet; receipts 24, 5000 barrels; superfine State and western \$3.40a 3.80; common to good extra \$3.85a410; good to choice \$4.15a4.50; white wheat extra \$4.55 a5.25; extra Ohio \$3.90a5.60; St. Louis \$3.90a.5.75; Minnesota patent, process \$5.75a8.25. Wheat—Higher; receipts 108,000 bushels; nngraded spring 35a64c; No. 3 do 50a310; No. 2 do \$1.75a1.085; No. 3 do, \$1.03a10; No. 2 do \$1.75a1.085; No. 3 do, \$1.03a10; No. 2 do \$1.75a1.085; No. 3 do, \$1.03a10; No. 3 do, No. 1 do. Sales 3,000 bushels at \$1 10 \( \) at 11 \)

Rys—Firm; No. 2 western 58c. BarleyFirmer, Malt—Quiet and unchanged. Corn—
Firmer, receipts \$4,000 bushels; ungraded 46a

61\( \) (2, 60c. Oats—Nominally unchanged; receipts

33,000 bushels; No. 3,29\( \) (c); do. white 35c; No. 2, 30c. Oats—Nominally unchanged; receipts

33,000 bushels; No. 3,29\( \) (c); do. white 35c; No. 1,31c; do. white 35c; No. 2,30c; od. white 35c; No. 1,31c; do. white 32\( \) (32\( \) (32\( \) (2); mixed western 29a51c; white western 31a5cc Hay—Nominally unchanged, Hops—Dull and nominal. Coffee—
Quiet and unchanged. Sugar—Quiet but steady at 6\( \) (at 8\( \) (30\( \) (30\( \) (40

Philadelphia Weel.

PHILADELPHIA, December 3.—Wool—Quiet;
Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia XX and above 5839c; X 34/8285c; medium 38a 37c; coarse 30a32c; New York, Michigan. Indiana and western fine 31a34c; nedium 35a35c; coarse 30a31c; combing, washed 58a 42c; combing, unwashed 26a 42c; canada combing 36a39c; fine unwashed 21a24c; coarse and medium 22a71/4c.

Petroleum Market. Pittssungh, December 3.—Petroleum— Julet; crude \$1 15 at Parker's for immediate hipment; refined at 9c, Philadelphia dell'very. Astwers, December 3.—Petroleum—22%c.

New Orleans.

New York Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, December 3.—Monky—Easy at 2½a3½ per cent. Prine mercantile paper 4a 5½ per cent. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed \$847.000. Custom receipts \$228,000. Clearings, \$20,000,000. Sterling Exchange, bankers' bills steady at 4.81½; Sight Exchange on New York 4.80. Produce exports for the week \$7,157,000.

GOLD—Weak; 100½a100½ bid. Carrying rates 1a2 per cent. Borrowing rates flat and 1. GOVERNMENTS—Generally steady but a trifle weaker for some issues.

ew Fives

ew Four and a halfs

ew Fours.

en-Forties

en-Forties (coupons).

urrency Sixe.

which ruled about steady. At the close, there was a pressure to sell Delaware, Lackawanna & Western. Among the trunk line shares Lake Shore washth feature, and declined 1 per cent. In the final sales the lowest quotations of the day were current, except for Pacific Mail, which recovered to 14.

Transactions aggregated which 16,000 were Lake Sh which 16,000 were Lake Shore, 40,000 North western common, 21,000 preferred, 16,000 S Paul common, 9,000 preferred, 21,000 Lackt wanns, 6,000 Mortis & Essex, 2,000 Union Facilie, 5,000 C., C. & I. C., 6,000 Western Union 6,000 Pacific Mail, 3,000 Missouri, Kansas & Texas, and 2,000 St. Louis, Kansas City & Northern. d 165,000 shares, o

Western Union...

d —Dull and unchanged. Provisions—Dull:
unsettled. Mess Pork—38 25. Bulk Meat
Loose shoulders, new, 35; clear rib sides, ne
445/s: packed, new, 35; clear rib sides, ne
45/s: packed, new, 35; clear rib sides, ne
46, sides, new, 35;
hams 9a10c. Lard—Refined, tierces, 7c. Bu
ter—Quiet; choice western, packed, ar
rolls unchanged. Petroleum—Firm and quie
crude 75/c; refined 9c. Coffee — Quiet an
steady; Rio cargoes unchanged. WhiskyDull and unchanged.

Chicago, December 3.—Flour—Nominally unchanged. Wheat—Active, firm and higher. No. 2 red winter 874c cash; No. 2 Chicago spring 83%c cash; 83%c bid becember; 84%c bid January; 84%c bid February; No. 3, 63a 71c; rejected 55½a50c. Corn—Active, firm and higher; 31½c bid cash and December; 31½c January; 35½c bid May. Oata—Fairly active and a shade higher at 20½c bid cash; 20½c December; 20¼a20%c January. Rye—Quiet and unchanged. Barley—Heavy and lower; 91c bid cash; 20x3c December; extra No. 3, 62c. Pork—Fairly active and a shade higher; 86 55 cash and December; 78 90x7 92½ January; 88 02½a5 56 February Lard—Fairly active and a shade higher; 86 55 cash and December; 82 73½a5 75; January § 82½a5 85½; Bulk Meata—Dull and prices a shade lower; short clear \$3 50x3 57½. Whisky — Steady with a fair demand at \$1.05.

and unchanged. Wheat—Demand fair and market firm; red and white \$7a97c. Corn— Steady; 32c cash; 35c seller December and Jan-uary. Oats—Steady and in fair demand at 2: a25c. By—Quiet and firm at 50a52c. Bar-ley—In good demand; No. 2 fall \$1 10a1 12. Pork—Steady and in good demand at \$8 00. Lard—In fair demand but at lower rates. Fork—Steady and in good uce manu at Lard—in fair demand but at lower steam \$562\square\text{56} & \text{56}, \text{ kettle nominal. Bulk \text{ Vale 42 763 804 09. } \text{ Bacon—Qu} \$3 00x4 25a4 37\square\text{50} & \text{ Butter—Steady firm. Whisky—Qulet at \$1 04. } \text{ Hoos—Qulet and lower; common. \$\$}

Hous—Quiet and lower; common \$2 15 2 45; light \$2 50a2 65; packing \$2 00a2 75 butchers \$2 75a2 85. Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

December 3.—Flour—Quiet and unchanged. Wheat—Quiet but steady; No. 2 red \$105a1.05%; amber \$107a108%; white \$108a1.05%; 2. Chicago 96e. Corn—Quiet; yellow 46%a47½c; mixed 46c. Oats—Lower, to sell; white sweetern 25a3be; mixed western 27a3be. Rye—Quiet; western 25a3b; 25c. Provisions—Steady. Mess Pork—\$8.25a 925. Berl—India mess 19a10½c; hams, smoked, 7½a5½c; pickled, 6¼a7c; green, 5c. Lard—Quiet but steady; prime steam 6½c. Butter—Dull; New York State and Braiford county, Pa, extras 12a25c; Western Reserve 16a18c. Eggs—Demand fair and market firm; western 26c. Cheese—Dull at 7a9½c. Petroleum—Easier; refined 8½c; crude 7½c. Whisky—Nominally unchanged.

Chicago Cattle Market. Curcago December 3.—The Drovers' Jone

Citicaco, December 3.—The Drovers' Journal reports:
Hose-Receipts 33,000 head; shipments 2,400
head. Market demoralized; choice; heavy 5a
loc lower, at \$2,78a 50; jight \$2,00a 56; nixed
packing \$4,50a 70;
Carris-Receipts 3,500 head; shipments
1,100 head; run heavy; market lower; shippling steers \$3,50a 50; stockers and feeders
in fair demand but lower at \$2,40a 3 10; butchers' dull; cows \$2,00a 90; steers \$2,50a 3 40;
bulls \$2,00a 240.

Surse-Receipts 1,700; shipments 440;
heavy supply; prices lower at \$2,50a 526.

Allegheny Cattle. East Library, December 3.—Cattle—Receipts to-day 48 head; all for this market. No through stock. The supply continues light, and nearly all were sold at a slight advance

Prints improving slowly; Richmond pin prints are reduced. Dress goods and gingham quiet. Heavy woolens dull, and spring weight only in moderate request. Foreign goods con tinuing in light demand.

Tolede.

Tolede.

Tolede,

Tol

CHARLES E. DWIGHT, PRACTICAL CHEMIST. Is prepared to make careful and complete analyses of Iron Grea, Limestones, Mineral Waters, etc.,

LIABORATORY, COR. 24TH AND CHAPLINE STR.

jal8 WHEELING, W.AV.

NEW ORLEADS, December 3, — Molasses - Firmer; common 20a22c; fair 25c; others unchanged.